

2nd PUC Mock Paper – Jan. 2024

2nd year PUC **Course:**

Subject: Biology

Max. Marks: 70

3:15 hour **Duration:**

 $15 \times 1 = 15$

Instructions:

- 1. The question paper consists of four parts A, B, C and O.
- 2. Part-A consists of I & II and Part-D consists of V & VI.
- 3. All the parts are compulsory.
- any marks.

4.]	Draw diagrams wherever necessary, unlabelled diagrams or illustrations do not attract							
PART-A								
I. S	elect the correct alter	native f	rom the choic	es given below:				
1.	Triple fusion occurs b	etween						
	a) Egg and male gamete			b) Male gamete and secondary nucleus				
	c) Antipodal cell and male gamete			d) Egg and antipodal cell				
2.	Which one is unpaired gland in male reproductive gland?							
	a) Seminal vesicle			b) Cowper's gland				
	c) Prostate gland			d) Lacrimal gland				
3.	Emergency contraceptives are effective if used within:							
	a) 72hrs of coitus			b) 72hrs of ovulation				
	c) 72hrs of menstruation			d) 72hrs of implantation				
4.	Strength of linkage is inversely proportional to distance between the							
	a) chromosomes		b) genes	c) Telomeres	d) chromatids			
5.	RNA polymerase I of an eukaryotic cell catalyses							
	a) Elongation in transcription		b) rRNA synthesis					
	c) mRNA synthesis			d) tRNA synthesis				
6.	Antigen binding site in an antibody is found between							
	a) Two light chains							
	b) one heavy and one light chain							
	c) Two heavy chains							
	d) Either (A) or (B) depending upon nature of antigen							
7.	Aspergillus niger is used for commercial and industrial production of							
	a) acetic acid	b) bı	ityric acid	c) citric acid	d) lactic acid			
8.	One of the most frequently used techniques in DNA finger printing is							
	a) VNTR	b) S	SCP	c) SCAR	d) AFLP			
9.	SCID is caused by defective gene coding for enzyme							
	a) Adenosine deaminase			b) Adenosine transaminase				
	c) Adenosine transferase			d) Guanosine transaminase				
10.	Silencing of mRNA has been used in producing transgenic plants resistant to							
	a) Bollworms	b) v	white rusts	c) Nematodes	d) Bacterial blights			

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11.	According to the competitive	ve exclusion principle	e, developed in 1934 by	the Russian Biologist GF Gause	Э,					
	two species can't remain in the same community if they have the same									
	a) Taxonomy	b) Niche	c) Habitat	d) Food requirements						
12.	. Red list contains data or information on									
	a) threatened species									
	b) marine vertebrates only									
	c) all economically import	ant plants								
	d) plants whose products are in traditional trade									
13.	An inverted pyramid of biomass can be found in which ecosystem									
	a) Forest	b) Marine	c) Grassland	d) Tundra						
14.	In 'lac operon' repressor pr	rotein attaches to								
	a) operator	b) promoter	c) regulator	d) beta-galactosidase						
15.	De Vries gave his mutation theory on organic evolution while working on									
	a) Althea rosea		b) Drosophila me	lanogaster						
	c) Pisum sativum		d) Oenothera lam	arckiana						
II. I	Fill in the blanks by choosi	ng the appropriate	word/ words from tho	se given below: $5\times1=$	5					
(GEAC, adaptive radiation	s, 5 th month, oxyger	n, splicing)							
16.	6. Darwin's finches are a good example of									
17.	7. Removal of introns and joining of exons during transcription is									
18.	8. In India, research in genetic modification of organisms and safety issues are controlled by									
19.	The first movement of the	human foetus in the v	womb is noticed during							
20.	0. Methanogens do not produce									
		PAF	RT-B							
	nswer any five of the follow				0					
21.	1. What is emasculation? When and why does a plant breeder employ this technique?									
22.	2. What are fimbriae? Mention their function.									
	3. "Pollen grains has some harmful effects". Discuss.									
24.	24. Mention the phenomenon of sex determination in the following cases.									
	a) Male Drosophila.									
	b) Female fowl.									
25.	. What would happen if histones were to be mutated and made rich in amino-acids aspartic acid and									
	glutamic acid in place of basic amino-acids such as lysine and arginine?									
	6. Distinguish between Exponential and Logistic growth.									
	While doing a PCR, 'denat	ect on the process?								
28.	How can you say the lobef		-							
_			RT-C		_					
			ibout 40-80 words each	n, wherever applicable: 5×3=1	5					
29.	a) "Predator in nature are	•								
	b) Give an example for Bro	and Parasitism								

33. What is pleiotropy? Explain with suitable example.

31. Draw a neat labelled diagram of nucleosome model of eukaryotes.32. Draw a neat labelled diagram of an agarose gel electrophoresis unit.

30. Explain the process of parturition.

- 34. Mention the insect vectors which transmit malaria, filariasis and Dengue.
- 35. Define infertility. Give reasons for this among young couple.
- 36. Draw a neat labelled diagram of Miller's experiment.

PART-D

V. Answer any three of the following questions in about 200-250 words each, wherever applicable:

 $3 \times 5 = 15$

- 37. Draw a neat labelled diagram of female reproductive system.
- 38. Describe the structure of an anatropous ovule or megasporangium with a neat labelled diagram.
- 39. Explain the benefits of creating transgenic animals.
- 40. Explain the dihybrid cross with an example.
- 41. Explain the process of semi-conservative DNA replication.
- 42. Name the following and their microbial source
 - a) Clot buster enzyme b) Immunosuppressive agent c) Blood cholesterol lowering agent.
 - d) Write any two significance of anaerobic sludge digesters.

VI. Answer any two of the following questions in about 200-250 words each, wherever applicable:

 $2 \times 5 = 10$

- 43. Draw a neat labelled diagram of T.S. of young dithecous anther.
- 44. a) Why is tobacco smoking is associated with rise in blood pressure and emphysema in the body. Explain(2)
 - b) why an immunosuppressive agent is taken after an organ transplant?

b) Name two factors responsible for genetic variation in an organism.

(2)

c) Which organ can trap the microbes in the body fluid?

(1)

45. a) What is a mutagen? Name one physical and chemical mutagen.

(2) (2)

(1)

c) Name an inborn genetic disorder.

(2)

46. a) What type of transcription is found in retrovirus? Name the enzyme.

b) Who proposed the central dogma? Write the central dogma of molecular biology.

(2)

c) Who developed the technique for DNA finger printing?

(1)

47. Draw a neat labelled diagram of a t-RNA.